

## JX-003-001539

Seat No.

## B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS) Examination

October - 2019

IC-503: Pharmaceuticals - I & Fundamentals of Chemical Engineering

Faculty Code: 003 Subject Code: 001539

Time: 2:30 Hours] [Total Marks: 70 Instructions: (1) All the questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate maximum marks. (2)(3) Draw labeled diagram wherever necessary. Assume suitable data. (4) Question-1 carries 20 marks. (5)6) Question-2 and 3 carry 25 marks each. 1 Answer the following questions: 20 (1) Force per unit area is called pressure. (True / False)

- (2) Continuity equation is derived on the basis of law of conservation of \_\_\_\_\_.

  (Mass / Energy)
- (3) What do you mean by Rotational flow?
- (4) Define the term fluid?
- (5) Write mathematical statement of Fourier's law of conduction?
- (6) Define reflux ratio.
- (7) What is forced convection?
- (8) What is brine?
- (9) What is the refrigerant code for
  - (a)  $CO_2$
  - (b) Dichlorodifluoromethane.
- (10) Give full form of COP?

	(11)	Give one example of thermoplastic polymer.			
	(12)	Define: Phytochemicals			
	(13)	In emulsion liquid which is converted into minute globules is called disperse phase.  (True / False)			
	(14)	Basic nitrogenous substances obtained from the natural source are called	from the natural		
	(15)	is an example of plant growth regulator.			
	(16)	High molecular weight lipopolysaccharide is known as?  Give one example of Preservative.			
	(17)				
	(18)	Sodium bisulphite is an example of			
	(19)	) Who was the chairman of the first edition of Indian Pharmacopoeia?			
	(20)	Material which is direct contact with the product is called 2° packaging material.  (True / False)			
2	(a)	Answer any three:  (1) Define: (a) Steady flow (b) Path line.  (2) What do you mean by conduction mode and convection mode of heat transfer?  (3) What is mean by 1 ton of refrigeration?  (4) Define: (i) Pharmacopoeia (ii) Flavoring agent.  (5) Define: (i) Lubricant (ii) Foreign Organic Matter  (6) Define: (i) Palisade ratio	6		
		(ii) Pharmacognosy.			

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## (b) Answer any three:

9

- Write a brief note on laminar flow and turbulent flow.
- (2)Derive equation for mass balance and energy balance over crystallizer.
- Classify compressor on the basis of (3)
  - (a) Stage
  - (b) Drive
  - (c) Pressure development.
- Explain: 1°, 2° and 3° packaging material. (4)
- Explain: Preservatives. (5)
- Explain: Sweetening agent. (6)

## (c) Answer any two:

10

- Carbon tetra chloride is to be flow to smooth (1) horizontal pipe of circular section and 0.03 m diameter at a volumetric flow rate of  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  m<sup>3</sup>/s. Estimate the pressure loss per meter length of pipe. Density & viscosity of  $\mathrm{CCl_4}$  are  $1.5 \times 10^3 \ \mathrm{kg/m^3}$  and  $0.87 \times 10^{-3} \ \mathrm{Ns/m}$ respectively.
- (2)Derive equation for lower operating line for a distillation column.
- Derive an equation to calculate work required per (3)cycle for single acting reciprocating compressor working isothermally with clearance.
- (4) Explain: Sterilization in detail.
- (5)Discuss: Emulsion in detail.

3	(a)	Ans	wer any three:	6
		(1)	Give any two characteristics of Liquid state.	
		(2)	Define the term thermal conductivity.	
		(3)	Give any four applications of refrigeration.	
		(4)	Define:	
			(i) Antioxidant	
			(ii) Stomatal Number	
		(5)	Define:	
			(i) Polishing agent	
			(ii) Vein Islet Number.	
		(6)	Define:	
			(i) Stomatal Index	
			(ii) Vein Termination Number.	
	(b)	Ans	wer any three:	9
		(1)	Give advantage and disadvantage of venturimeter.	
		(2)	Explain with diagram simple U tube manometer.	
		(3)	Write a short note on ammonia as a refrigerant.	
		(4)	Explain: features of ideal surgical dressing.	
		(5)	Explain: Need for the dosage form (any six).	
		(6)	Explain: Bandages in brief.	
	(c)	Ans	wer any two:	10
		(1)	Give construction and working of orificemeter.	
		(2)	Derive an equation of q-line.	
		(3)	Discuss: Sutures and ligatures in detail.	
		(4)	Explain: History of Indian Pharmacopoeia.	
		(5)	Describe: Classification of crude drugs in detail.	